



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

MONDAY, APRIL 11TH, 1853.

THOMAS ROMNEY ROBINSON, D. D., PRESIDENT,
in the Chair.

THE Rev. Beaver H. Blacker ; Major Bonner ; John E. Butler, Esq., C. E. ; Francis R. Davies, Esq. ; Rev. William Fitzgerald, D. D. ; John Lentaigne, M. D. ; James J. Mac Carthy, Esq. ; Alexander Read, M. D. ; and Henry H. Stewart, M. D. ; were elected Members of the Academy.

The Secretary of the Academy presented, from F. W. Barton, Esq., two bronze ladles and a large bronze sword, of great beauty, and in perfect preservation ; from the Dean of Kilmaeduagh, several fragments of the upper stone of a quern, handsomely ornamented ; from Mr. Gillespie, the bronze ring of a fibula, found at Highfield, Rathfarnham. The Proceedings of the Society of Antiquaries of Scotland, vol. i. part i. ; presented by the Society.

The Secretary read a paper by Mr. William Mallet, on the results of his chemical examination of the metallic articles in the Museum of the Academy.

The President made some remarks on Mr. Mallet's communication.

Rev. Dr. Drummond read the first part of a paper on the achievements of Magnus Barefoot, king of Norway, and on his defeat and death in the battle of Magh Cobha, in Ireland,
A. D. 1103.

Professor Sir William Rowan Hamilton, LL.D., communicated a few remarks on the geometrical demonstration of